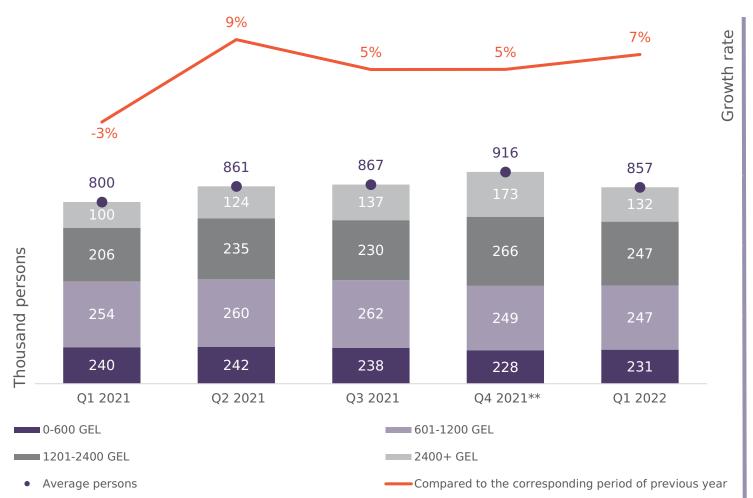


EMPLOYMENT TRACKER





AVERAGE NUMBER OF PERSONS RECEIVING SALARY



Source: Revenue Service*

Po In June 2022, the number of persons receiving a monthly salary increased by 4.3% compared to the corresponding period of 2021 and by 11.7% compared to the corresponding period of 2020.

Po In June 2022, the share of persons receiving a monthly salary up to 600 GEL amounted to 22.9%, which was 5 percentage points less than the corresponding period of 2021, and 8.5 percentage points lower than the corresponding period of 2020.

In June 2022, the share of persons receiving a monthly salary of more than 2,400 GEL amounted to 17.3%, which was 2.9 percentage points more compared to the corresponding period of 2021, and 5.7 percentage points higher than the corresponding period of 2020.

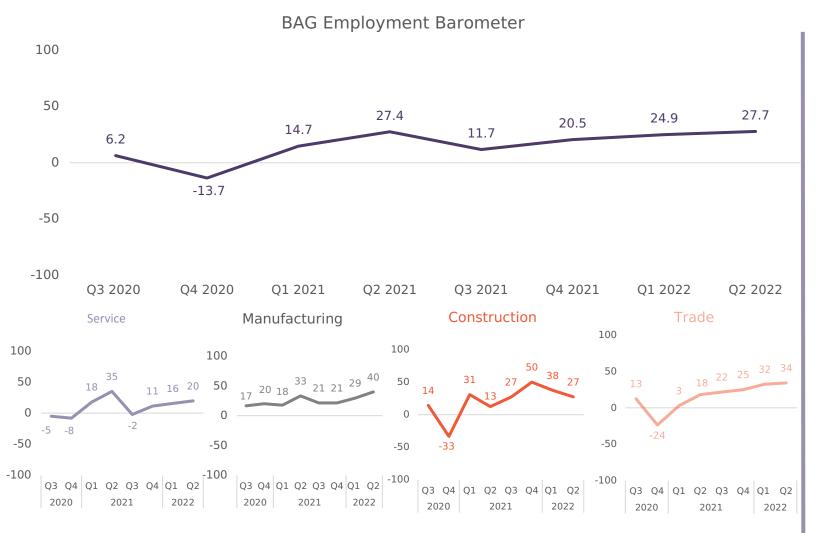
Po In June 2022, the number of persons receiving a monthly salary higher than 9,600 GEL, increased by 26.3% compared to 2021 and 74% compared to 2020. The share of persons receiving a monthly salary of more than 9,600 GEL amounted to 1.5% in June 2022.

^{*.} The data provided by Revenue Service is not final and might slightly increase. (Last viewed on 20.07.2022).

^{**} The decrease of the share of 0-600 Gel and 601-1200 GEL categories in the Q4 of 2021 was largely due to a notable number of people receiving the 13th salary in December.



EMPLOYMENT BAROMETER - BAG INDEX SURVEY



Source: PMC Research, BAG ¹The BAG Employment Barometer reflects companies' expectations regarding changes in employment in the next three months. Respondents could describe their plans regarding the number of employees for the next three months as "increasing," "stable," or "decreasing." The balance value of these plans is the difference in the percentage shares of the "increasing" and "decreasing" responses. The BAG Employment Barometer is a weighted mean of the balances in

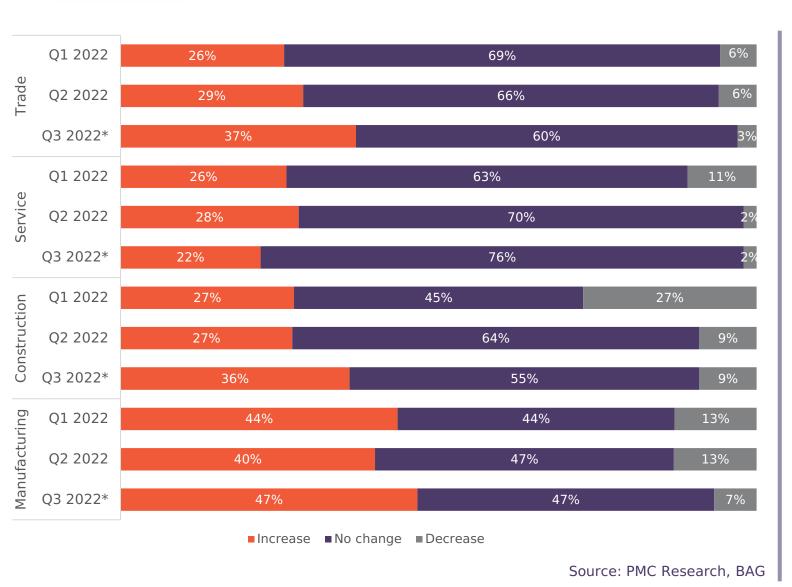
different sectors. The BAG Employment Barometer can be between -100 and +100. -100 means all surveyed businesses expect employment to decrease in the

next three months, while +100 means all surveyed businesses expect employment to increase in the next three months.

- Overall, in O1 of 2022, the BAG Employment Barometer amounted to 24.9 points, which is 4.4 points more than in Q4 of 2021 year. The indicator was positive for all sectors.
- 8 In O1 of 2022, the construction sector had the highest employment barometer indicator with 38 points and the service sector had the lowest with 16 points.
- 8 Overall, in Q2 of 2022, the BAG Employment Barometer amounted to 27.7 points, which is 2.8 points more than in Q1. In Q2 of 2022 year, the Employment Barometer was positive for all sectors.
- A In O2 of 2022, the manufacturing recorded highest the Employment Barometer indicator with 40 points and the lowest score was reported by the service sector with 20 points¹.



CHANGES IN THE NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES BAG INDEX SURVEY



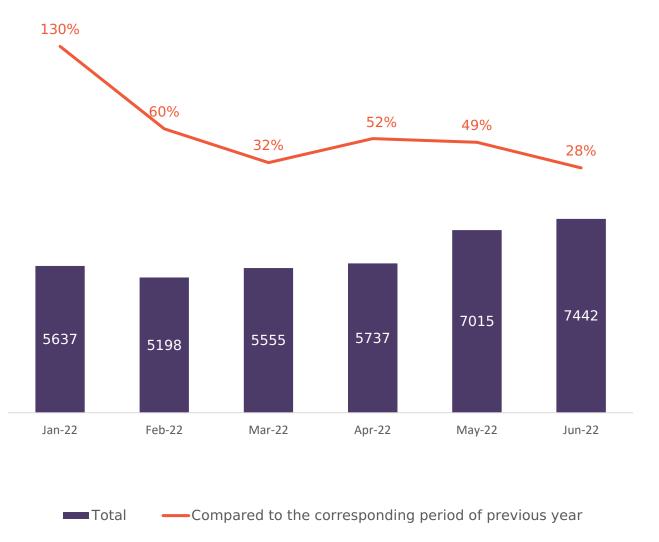
- 8 Overall, in Q1 of 2022, 28.7% of surveyed companies increased their number of employees, 11.1% recorded a decrease, and 60.2% reported no change.
- 8 Overall, in Q2 of 2022, 29.9% of surveyed companies increased their number of employees, 5.6% recorded a decrease, and 64.5% reported no change.
- Po Overall, 31.8% of surveyed companies were expecting to increase their number of employees in Q3 of 2022, 3.7% anticipated a decrease, and 64.5% were not expecting any changes.
- 8 The most optimistic expectations for employment in the O3 of 2022 are recorded in the manufacturing sector, wherein in Q3 of 2022, 47% of companies plan to increase the number of employees.

^{*} Expectation



TOTAL VACANCIES PUBLISHED ON Jobs.ge

Growth rate

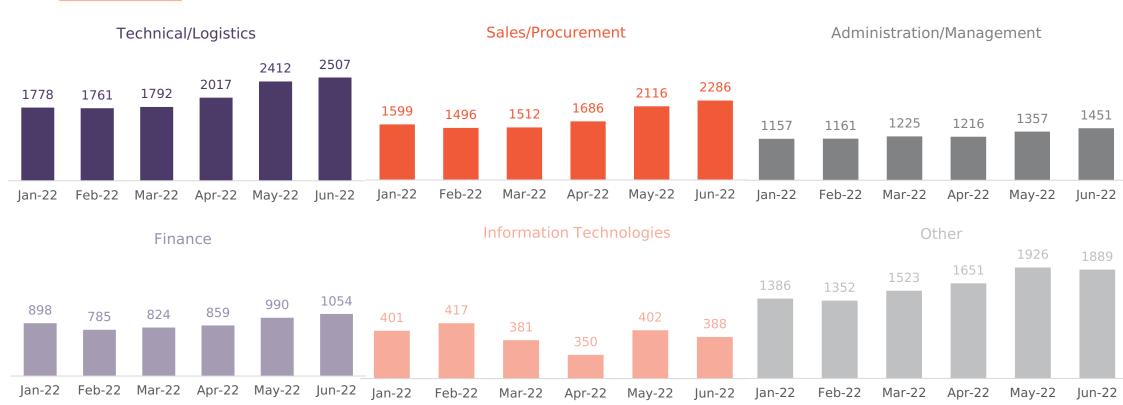


- R In 2022, from January to June, the total number of vacancies published on jobs.ge amounted to 36,584, which was 51% higher compared to the corresponding period of 2021 and 123% higher compared to the corresponding period of 2020.
- In 2022, from January to June, the average MoM growth rate for the total number of vacancies published on jobs.ge amounted to 6%.

Source: Jobs.ge



VACANCIES PUBLISHED ON Jobs.ge BY CATEGORIES



R In 2022, from January to June, a total of 10,695 vacancies were published in the field of sales/procurement, which was 112% higher than the corresponding period of 2021 and 165% higher compared to the corresponding period of 2020.

R In 2022, from January to June, a total of 7,567 vacancies were published in administration/management, which was 77% higher compared to the corresponding period of 2021 and 116% higher compared to the corresponding period of 2020.

R In 2022, from January to June, a total of 12,267 vacancies were published under the technical/logistics, which was 105% higher compared to the corresponding period of 2021, and 118% higher compared to the corresponding period of 2020.

Source: lobs.ge



LABOR MARKET INDICATORS

	2019 Q3	2019 Q4	2020 Q1	2020 Q2	2020 Q3	2020 Q4	2021 Q1	2021 Q2	2021 Q3	2021 Q4	2022 Q1
Number of people in the labor force (thousands)	1576.2	1531.8	1545.2	1515.0	1528.9	1505.7	1447.2	1559.1	1592	1536.1	1490.7
Number of employed people (thousands)	1311.3	1276.9	1262.7	1237.6	1269.1	1197.9	1129.7	1214.6	1281.2	1244.2	1201.1
Number of hired employed people (thousands)	904.2	879.6	891.2	839.5	845.3	805.1	782.8	831.7	861.9	841.1	817.7
Number of self-employed employed people (thousands)	406.8	396.8	370.8	397.6	423.1	391.9	345.7	381.8	418.6	402.4	382.3
Number of unemployed people (thousands)	264.9	254.9	282.6	277.4	259.8	307.8	317.5	344.6	310.8	291.9	289.6
Labor force participation rate (%)	51.8	50.5	51.3	50.3	50.3	50	48.3	51.4	52.8	51.2	49.9
Employment rate (%)	43.1	42.1	41.9	41.1	41.8	39.8	37.7	40.1	42.5	41.5	40.2
Unemployment rate (%)	16.8	16.6	18.3	18.3	17	20.4	21.9	22.1	19.5	19.0	19.4
Average nominal monthly salary (GEL)	1217.1	1319.6	1202.7	1150.1	1239.5	1314.7	1256.2	1328	1368.5	1463.8	1446.5

Source: National Statistics Office of Georgia





The PUBLICATIONS presented on the website are prepared by PMC Research Center only for informational and/or marketing purposes. Nothing in the PUBLICATIONS constitute, or is meant to constitute, advice of any kind, and the reader is responsible for their interpretation of all content and acknowledges that any reliance thereupon shall be entirely at their risk. PMC Research Center cannot be held liable for any claims arising as a result of the reader's use of the materials.

The PUBLICATION is presented "as is" without any representations or warranties, expressed or implied.

Without prejudice to the general message of the first paragraph above, PMC Research Center does not guarantee that:

- the PUBLICATION will be constantly available; or
- the information contained in the PUBLICATION is complete, true, accurate, or non-misleading.

PMC Research Center reserves the right to modify the contents of PUBLICATIONS from time to time as it deems appropriate.

PMC Research Center absolves itself of any liability of violations of other parties' rights, or any damage incurred as a consequence of using and applying any of the contents of PMC Research Center's PUBLICATIONS. PMC Research Centesr will not be liable to the reader (whether under contract law, tort law, or otherwise) in relation to the contents of, use of, or other form of connection with, the PUBLICATION.

The reader accepts that, as a limited liability entity, PMC Research Center has an interest in limiting the personal liability of its officers and employees. The reader agrees that they will not bring any claim personally against PMC Research Center's officers or employees with respect to any losses suffered by the reader in connection with the PUBLICATION.

The reader agrees that the limitations of guarantees and liabilities set out in the PUBLICATION disclaimer protect PMC Research Center's researchers, officers, employees, agents, subsidiaries, successors, assignees, and subcontractors as well as PMC Research Center itself.

If any provision of this disclaimer is, or is found to be, unenforceable under applicable law, that will not affect the enforceability of the other provisions of the PUBLICATION disclaimer.

Giorgi Khishtovani

Research Director g.khishtovani@pmcginternational.com

Sopho Basilidze

Researcher s.basilidze@pmcginternational.com

Nika Kapanadze

Researcher n.kapanadze@pmcginternational.com

Nikoloz Bakradze

Junior Researcher

n.bakradze@pmcginternational.com

Address: 61 Aghmashenebeli Avenue, 3rd floor,

Tbilisi 0102, Georgia.

Tel: (+995 32) 2921171, 2921181

Email: research@pmcginternational.com

Website: pmcresearch.org